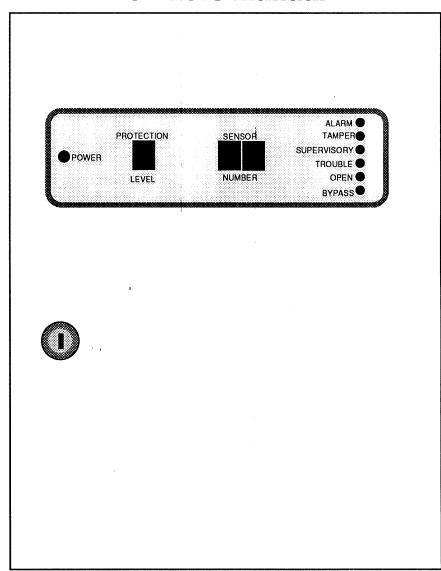


Interactive Technologies, Inc. 2266 North Second Street North St. Paul, MN 55109

ITI is a registered trademark of Interactive Technologies, Inc.

46-637-A

SX-V Special Security System Owners Manual



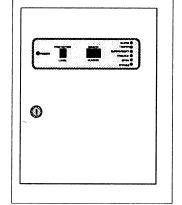
CENTRAL PROCESSING UNIT

The heart of your system is the Central Processing Unit (CPU). Typically the CPU is placed in an out-of-the way area that is convenient for the user. The CPU system functions are controlled by signals from a Wireless Touchpad or from a Hardwire Touchpad and Display.

The CPU also monitors and responds to incoming signals from the individual detection sensors in your home or business.

These sensors can detect an intrusion, fire, or other emergencies. The protection level that you select with a Touchpad will determine which sensors will be on guard at any particular time.

Not only does the CPU monitor these emergency signals, but it is constantly monitoring the test signals that are sent from sensors several times a day. This emergency or trouble information will be shown on the CPU Display Panel and can be sent to your Central Station Monitoring Facility through your phone lines. When your Central Station staff receives the



information from the CPU, they not only know whether it is an alarm or trouble report, but the exact sensor that caused the report. This way, when the authorities or service people respond, they can be told exactly which sensor sent the alarm signal or trouble call.

TOUCHPADS

Your system Touchpads are used to give commands to the Central Processing Unit. The Wireless Touchpads can be used from anywhere in your home or business, as they are portable. With each Touchpad, there are several arming levels available, as well as built-in emergency buttons, test functions, and a variety of other capabilities.

Page 2

SENSOR NUMBER **TYPE** LOCATION

Page 23

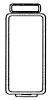
SENSOR

ENSOR		
UMBER	TYPE	LOCATION
26		
27		
28	······································	
29		
30		
31		
32		
33		
34		
35		
36		
37		
38		
39		
40		
41		
42		
43		
44		
45		
46		
47		
48		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
49		
50		
51	······································	······································
52		
53		***************************************
54		
55		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
56		
<u>56</u> 57		
58		•
59		
60		
61		
62		
63		
0.5		

Page 22

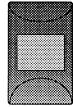
DETECTION SENSORS

Detection Sensors are used to sense Intrusion, Fire, and Duress alarms.



DOOR/WINDOW SENSORS 60-362

These sensors detect the opening and closing of doors or windows. Special locations such as drawers, display cases, and firearms cabinets may also be protected with Door/Window Sensors.



PASSIVE INFRARED MOTION SENSORS

60-356

Passive Infrared Sensors are designed to detect the body heat of an intruder who enters its field of view. In a home, Passive Infrared Sensors are usually used to protect valuables in the living room, dining room, or master bedroom area. In a business, Passive Infrared Sensors are strategically placed to help protect valuable inventory, cash registers, a safe, and other areas.

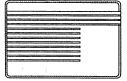


SMOKE SENSORS 60-352 *

Smoke Sensors should also be a part of your security system. At a minimum, it is desirable to have at least one smoke sensor on each floor level of a home and one outside all bedroom areas.

^{*} Please refer to the manufacturer's installation material, shipped with all fire sensors, for specific information regarding the National Fire Protection Association standards.

INTERIOR SIRENS



Interior Sirens (wired or wireless) can be placed in various locations to alert you of an emergency and frighten away an intruder. The following is a summary of the interior siren alarm sounds:

FIRE ALARM - loud steady tone siren.

INTRUSION ALARM - loud intermittent tone siren.

AUXILIARY ALARM - low-volume, on-off-on-off beeping.

Many interior sirens also serve as status annunciators that provide an audible indication of the current protection level when the STATUS button is pressed. The following is a summary of the interior siren status sounds:

PROTEST BEEPING - low-volume two-tone beeping sound, which sometimes occurs when an attempt is made to arm the system. It indicates a low battery, a supervisory condition, or an open sensor.

TROUBLE SUPERVISORY BEEPS - six quick low-volume beeps repeated once every 60 seconds which indicates a problem with the system. The sensor number window will display the sensor numbers in trouble.

CHIME BEEPS - a pair of low volume tones which indicates a door or window sensor has been opened when the system is armed to level 2.

SENSOR TEST SOUND - loud single beep heard when testing the sensors in protection level 9.

EXTERIOR SIRENS



Exterior Sirens can be placed in various locations on the outside of your home or business to frighten away an intruder and alert you and your neighbors of an emergency. The Exterior Sirens can be set with up to a 15-second delay before they sound an alarm. This delay allows you to turn off your system in the event of an accidental alarm before your neighbors hear the siren. The following is a summary of the exterior siren sounds:

FIRE ALARM - loud steady tone siren.

Page 4

Sensor Location Record

At the time of installation, a list of the Sensor Numbers and locations will be completed and sent to the central station. This information will be placed into your computer file. When you receive a copy of this list back, you may wish to enter these on this Sensor Location Record for easy reference.

Each sensor in your system is assigned a two-digit number. The two-digit code number appears in the Sensor Number window of the CPU when a sensor is reporting an alarm, supervisory, low battery, or bypass condition. In addition, there are preprogrammed codes to alert you to other conditions that may arise with the system so that you can take the appropriate steps as outlined in this manual.

SENSOR

NUMBER	TYPE	LOCATION
01		
02		
03		
04		
05		
06	1	
07	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
08		
09		
10	7.4	
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

Page 21

Alarm Display Information

The following is a listing of possible alarms you may see on your CPU display. The bold items may be more common in your system.

A0	Buddy System Alarm
A2	Touchpad Tamper
A3	Manual Fire Alarm
A4	Manual Police Alarm
A5	Manual Auxiliary Alarm
A6	Manual Phone Test (level 8)
A7	Opening
A8	Closing
A9	Duress Alarm
C 0	Forced Arm
C1	AC Power Failure
C2	CPU low battery
C3	CPU Tamper Alarm
C4	Automatic phone test
C5	RF Failure (2 hours of silence)
C6	CPU Back in service
C7	Fail to communicate
C8	No Phone Line
C9	Touchpad Trouble / Program change

Page 20

PROTECTION LEVELS

INTRUSION ALARM - loud intermittent tone siren.

The system Security System can be armed to several different protection levels using a Touchpad. Each level, with corresponding status beeps, is designed to give you the specific amount of security you desire.



LEVEL "0" - DISARM/CANCEL (1 Long Beep)

All burglary protection is disarmed. All Fire and Emergency alarm buttons are armed in this protection level and in levels 1 through 6. You can select Level 0 to cancel an accidental alarm. The siren will stop and a cancel signal will be sent to the central station.



LEVEL "1" - SPECIAL (1 Short Beep)

Your "SPECIAL" belongings are protected. Level 1 is used to protect the contents of a safe, gun cabinets, silver cabinets, etc. This protection level remains on for all levels 1 through 6.



LEVEL "2" - CHIME (2 Short Beeps)

A two-beep "CHIME" tone will sound locally whenever an exterior door or window sensor is opened. No Central Station call is made in level 2. All special sensors are active.



LEVEL "3" - HOME AWAKE (3 Short Beeps)

All exterior door and window sensors are armed. A delay period allows you time to enter or leave the protected area. Delays are active in this level and level 5.



LEVEL "4" HOME ASLEEP - (Four short beeps)

Same as level three, but entry and exit delay times are instant. Used during night hours after all expected residents have arrived.



LEVEL "5" AWAY DELAY - (Five short beeps)

Special Intrusion Sensor plus ALL OTHER intrusion sensors, both interior and exterior, are armed with delays.



LEVEL "6" AWAY INSTANT - (One long & one short beep)

Special Intrusion Sensor plus ALL OTHER intrusion sensors, both interior and exterior, are armed with NO delays.



LEVEL "7" SILENT - (One long & two short beeps)

Same as level 6 except silent. Can only be turned on from our Central Station.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

ACCESS CODE

The ACCESS CODE is your personal key to using the system. By entering this four-digit identification code on your Touchpad, you can select any of the protection levels, cancel accidental alarms, and test your system.

ARMING AND DISARMING

First, close all protected doors and windows. Then enter your four-digit access code on your Touchpad, immediately followed by the number of the Protection Level desired. Listen for the correct number of Status beeps.

HOW TO ARM YOUR SYSTEM WHEN LEAVING HOME

(All sensors armed.)

AWAY

5
DELAY

- 1. Enter your personal access code.
- 2. Press the "AWAY" (#5) button.
- 3. Listen for the "5 Short Beeps."
- 4. If leaving, leave immediately.

The EXIT delay time is ______ seconds.

HOW TO ARM YOUR SYSTEM WHEN STAYING HOME or WITH A FAMILY MEMBER STILL COMING HOME

HOME 3 AWAKE (Perimeter sensors armed, interior off.)

- 1. Enter your personal access code.
- 2. Press the "HOME AWAKE" (#3) button.
- 3. Listen for the "3 Short Beeps."
- 4. If leaving, leave immediately.

The EXIT delay time is ______ seconds.

HOW TO ARM YOUR SYSTEM AT NIGHT, WITH EVERYONE HOME (Night protection with no delays.)

HOME

4

ASLEEP

1. Enter your personal access code.

- 2. Press the "HOME ASLEEP" (#4) button.
- 3. Listen for the "4 Short Beeps."
- HOW TO TURN OFF YOUR SYSTEM WHEN ARRIVING HOME



(System disarmed except for 24 hour sensors.)

- 1. Enter your personal access code.
- 2. Press the "DISARM" (#0) button.
- 3. Listen for the "1 Long Beep."

 The ENTRY delay time is

ENTRY delay tin	e is	_ seconds.
-----------------	------	------------

Page 6

Accidental Alarms

Your Account Number:	
Central Station Phone I	Number:
•	

In the event you trigger an accidental alarm, you will need to know the proper steps to take in notifying the central station.

When you call the central station to cancel an alarm:

- 1. Give your account number as listed above
- 2. Give your verbal code

When you call the central station to test your alarm system**:

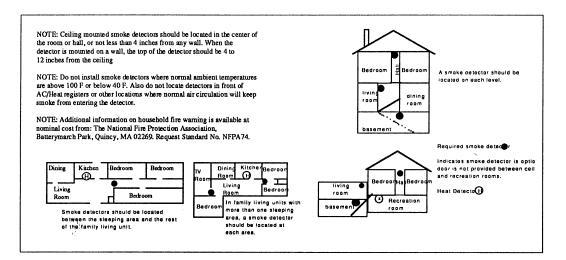
- 1. Give your name
- 2. Give your account number
- 3. Give your cancel code
- 4. Give the length of time you will test your system

When you call to test your duress code: (you must call central station first)

- 1. Give your name
- 2. Give your account number
- 3. Give your cancel code

^{**}Remember that if you are doing a CPU test (level 8), you do not need to alert the monitoring center.

Fire Safety Information



Hold a discussion on family emergency procedures that include the following:

- A. Status of bedroom doors.
- B. Familiarity with alarm system.
- C. Use of alternate escape routes if doors feel hot to the touch.
- D. Crawling and holding breath.
- E. Escape fast! DON'T stop to pack.
- F. Meet at a designated outdoor location.
- G. Emphasize that no one is to return to a burning house.
- H. Notify fire department from a neighbor's phone.

Periodic rehearsals should be conducted.

REMEMBER: If you return home and hear the siren, DO NOT ENTER the house. Call for the Fire or Police department based on the type of alarm condition you hear.

Page 18

HOW TO ARM YOUR SYSTEM WHEN LEAVING HOME FOR INSTANT ALARMS *

AWAY

(All sensors armed with NO delays)

6 INSTANT

FROM OUTSIDE YOUR HOME

- 1. Enter your personal access code with a wireless touchpad.
- 2. Press the "AWAY INSTANT" (#6) button.
- 3. Listen for "1 Long and 1 Short Beep."
- * Remember, this level is used for maximum security when no one will be at home. This level has no delays on the entrance doors. Any attempt to enter will immediately activate the alarm. You must disarm this system with a wireless touchpad from outside your home.

HOW TO ARM JUST THE SPECIAL INTRUSION SENSORS



- 1. Enter your personal access code.
- 2. Press the "SPECIAL" (#1) button.
- 3. Listen for "1 Short Beep."

HOW TO TURN ON THE CHIME FEATURE



(The CHIME tones sound when exterior sensors are opened.)

- 1. Enter your personal access code.
- 2. Press the "CHIME" (#2) button.
- 3. Listen for the "2 Short Beeps."

HOW TO CANCEL AN ACCIDENTAL ALARM



(System disarmed except for 24 hour sensors.)

- 1. Enter your personal access code.
- 2. Press the "CANCEL" (#0) button.
- 3. Listen for the "1 Long Beep."

COMMAND BUTTON ARMING



The command button allows you to arm your security system to a higher protection level without entering an access code. Two keystrokes are all that is needed to arm to a higher protection level. *This can only be used to increase protection*. It cannot be used if an alarm has occurred or during an entry delay.

Pressing the command button followed by a higher protection level will arm the panel to that level. The access code is then needed to disarm or reduce the protection level.

Page 7

WHAT TO DO IF THE SYSTEM WILL NOT ARM

If you hear repeated, two-tone Protest beeps when you attempt to arm your system, it probably means that a door or window has been left open. If so, the number of the open doors or windows will flash in the CPU Display along with all six flashing red lights. The protest beeps can also mean that there is either a Trouble condition or a Supervisory problem. Failure to take action when the protest beeps are heard will leave your system unarmed.

IF YOU HEAR "PROTEST" BEEPING SOUNDS

- 1. Look at the display window to see if a sensor is open or if there is a Trouble (usually low battery) or Supervisory problem.
- 2. If a sensor is open, close the door or window. The protest beeps will stop and you can arm the system.

If the CPU shows that a door or window is open, when in fact it is closed, then you must reopen and close that door or window to reset the CPU before rearming.

3. If the display is indicating a problem, you must either fix the problem or BYPASS the problem. To temporarily BYPASS the problem, follow the steps given in the next section of this guide.

If a Trouble or Supervisory condition exists and no arming change has occurred for 10 hours, the system will automatically sound six quick beeps every 60 seconds to inform you of the condition. To silence the beeps, change arming levels. Trouble and Supervisory conditions will be automatically reported to our Central Station.

Page 8

ALARM SYSTEM LIMITATIONS

Not even the most advanced alarm system can guarantee protection against burglary, fire and other emergencies. All alarm systems are subject to possible compromise or failure-to-warn for a variety of reasons:

- If sirens or homs are not placed within hearing range of persons sleeping or
 in remote parts of the house. Warning devices may not be heard if they are
 placed behind doors or other obstacles, or on levels distant from areas
 frequently occupied by residents.
- If intruders gain access through unprotected points of entry or areas where sensors have been bypassed.
- If intruders have the technical means of bypassing, jamming, or disconnecting all or part of the system.
- If freeze, water or other environmental sensors are not located in an area where they can detect an environmental problem.
- If power to detectors is discontinued or inadequate, devices will not work if the AC power supply is off and backup batteries are either missing, weak, dead, or improperly installed.
- If smoke does not reach the sensor, smoke sensors cannot detect smoke in chimneys, in walls or roofs, or smoke blocked by a closed door. They may not detect smoke or fire on a level of the building different from the one on which they are located. Sensors may not be able to warn in time about fires started by smoking in bed, explosions, improper storage of flammables, overloaded electrical circuits, or other types of hazardous conditions.
- If transmission lines are out of service, transmissions from the CPU our Central Station cannot be made over lines that are out of service.
 Telephone lines are also vulnerable to compromise by any of several means.

Inadequate maintenance is the most common cause of alarm failure. Therefore, test your system at least once per week to be sure sensors, sirens, the communicator, etc. are all working properly.

Although having an alarm system may make you eligible for reduced insurance premiums, the system is no substitute for insurance.

Warning devices cannot compensate you for loss of life or property.

SENSOR BATTERIES

Most of the sensors are powered by Lithium batteries that have a life expectancy of from 5 to 8 years. However, some sensors may have 9 VDC alkaline batteries that will need to be replaced about every 1 to 2 years. When one sensor's alkaline battery gets weak, it's a good practice to replace the alkaline batteries in all sensors.

The Smoke Sensor use alkaline batteries manufactured by Duracell, MN1604 or Eveready #522.

The Touchpads, PIR Motion Sensors, and Door/Window transmitters use Lithium batteries manufactured by SAFT (p/n LS-3) or Tadiram (p/n TL515/S).

The Wireless Interior Siren uses an Eveready #522, Duracell MN1604 or optional SAFT CS919 NiCad battery.

FCC COMPLIANCE

The security system equipment (manufactured by Interactive Technologies, Inc.) has been tested and is in compliance with FCC Rules, Part 15, Subpart J and E and Part 68 where applicable. Each device carries a label giving the specifics and conditions of compliance.

SERVICE

If you have any questions about your system, or if you ever need service, please contact your local security representative.

PHONE No	•
ADDRESS	

Page 16

BYPASSING



BYPASS

It is possible to arm your system with a door or window purposely left open. This is known as BYPASSING. Bypassing means that the system will be armed to the protection level you choose. However, the sensor or sensors that you bypass will not provide protection until you change protection levels again. Bypassing a window sensor, for example, allows you to open that window for fresh air and still have the security of the rest of the system.

NOTE: Bypassing a sensor leaves that sensor unmonitored by the system.

HOW TO USE DIRECT BYPASSING

- 1. With all sensors closed, arm the system to the desired level.
- 2. Determine the number of the sensor you want bypassed.
- 3. Enter your personal access code.
 - Press the BYPASS button.
 - Enter the two-digit sensor number you want bypassed.
- 4. A single beep will sound and the specific sensor will be bypassed.
- 5. You should verify that the correct sensor has been Bypassed by looking at an alarm display. The display will show the number of the bypassed sensor in the sensor window and the bypass LED will light.

If you want to Direct Bypass more than one sensor, each must be bypassed one at a time by following steps 3 through 5.

If you bypass sensors during an exit delay period, each time you bypass, the exit delay time period begins again.

HOW TO USE INDIRECT BYPASSING

- 1. With the door or window you want bypassed open (all other sensors closed), arm the system to level 3.
- When the protest beeps are heard, immediately press the BYPASS button.
- 3. You should verify that the correct sensor has been Bypassed by looking at an alarm display.

HOW TO CANCEL BYPASSING

A change in arming level, is all that is needed to remove a direct or indirect bypass on a sensor. Remember, when changing arming levels, you may need to reset the bypass condition on the sensor previously bypassed.



SPECIAL FEATURES



STATUS BUTTON

If you are not within sight of a display, you can determine your current protection level by simply pressing the STATUS button. Listen to and count the status beeps that sound. For example, if you hear two short beeps, you know the system is armed to Level "2" Chime.

ALARM MEMORY

If you are within sight of a display when you press the STATUS button, you can tell if there was an alarm during the previous arming period by watching to see if any sensor numbers appear on the display. If the display stays blank, there were no alarms. Any alarms in memory will be erased six hours after disarming the system. The alarm memory can be erased immediately by arming to level 9.

TEMPORARY ACCESS CODE

You can set a second access code for temporary use by a baby-sitter, repairman, etc. This code can be used to arm and change the protection levels of the system but cannot change to levels 0, 8, or 9 or for Direct Bypassing. It is recommended that the Temporary Access Code be set while in view of the CPU Display.

WARNING: The Temporary Access Code cannot be used to disarm to level 0. Thus, you must teach temporary users to disarm to level 1.

How to set the Temporary Access Code.

- 1. Enter your personal access code.
- 2. Press the STATUS button.
- 3. Enter the desired four-digit Temporary Access Code.
- 4. Watch for the "Bouncing Balls" in the CPU Display and listen for the single beep. This indicates acceptance.

How to turn off the Temporary Access Code.

- 1. Enter your Personal Access Code.
- 2. Press the STATUS button.
- 3. Enter your Personal Access Code again.
- 4. Watch for the "Bouncing Balls" in the CPU Display and listen for the single beep.

Page 10

TROUBLESHOOTING

AC POWER FAILURE

Your CPU has an emergency backup battery that can last 24 to 72 hours during a power failure. When the power returns, the batteries will automatically recharge themselves.

During an AC power failure, the Power Light will flash on and off to indicate the backup battery is functioning properly. After about 15 minutes without AC power, the rest of the display will go blank to conserve the battery power.

If you want to know your protection level during a power failure, simply press the Status button on a touchpad. The display will light momentarily and the protection level status beeps will sound.

SMOKE SENSOR LOW BATTERY INDICATION

The Smoke Sensor contains its own low battery detector and annunciator. A low battery condition will cause the Smoke Sensor's annunciator to beep. The Smoke Sensor low battery beeping may occur before the CPU display shows a low battery condition. Low batteries should be replaced immediately as failure to do so will adversely affect the Smoke Sensor's ability to function properly.

DISRUPTED TELEPHONE SERVICE

Since your security system is monitored by a monitoring center, your CPU is connected to your phone system. In the event you should find that your telephone does not work, unplug the system from its special phone jack. If your telephone still does not work, the problem is in the telephone system and not with your CPU.

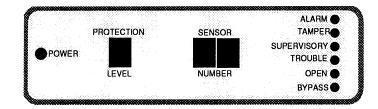
WARNING: The system must be plugged back into its special phone jack to provide alarm communications.

OPTIONS

The security system is modular. This allows you to customize the protection for your home or business. More detection sensors, touchpads, and fire sensors can be added. Call your local security representative about how you can add to your system.

UNDERSTANDING THE DISPLAY

Sensors in your system are monitored continuously by the CPU. Any Alarm, Supervisory, Trouble, or Bypassed sensor will be shown on the CPU display. Since your system is connected to a Central Station, the CPU will notify the Central Station in the event of an alarm.



- **POWER -** When the red *POWER* light is on, the AC power is on. When flashing, the AC power has failed and the backup battery is powering the system. When off, the system is not operational.
- PROTECTION LEVEL The current protection level is displayed in CPU window.
- SENSOR NUMBER Sensors in alarm, open sensors, etc. will be displayed in the Sensor Number window.
- **ALARM** When an alarm is detected, the *ALARM* light will be on and the sensor in alarm will show in the Sensor Number window.
- **TAMPER** When a sensor is in a tamper condition, the Sensor Number will display in the Sensor Number window, and the *TAMPER* light will be on.
- **SUPERVISORY** Should a sensor stop working, the *SUPERVISORY* light will be on and the problem Sensor Number will show in the Sensor Number window.
- TROUBLE Should a sensor's battery become low, the TROUBLE light will come on and the appropriate Sensor Number will show in the Sensor Number window. It is important to replace low batteries immediately. The Trouble light will also come on for trouble conditions in hardwired sensors.
- **OPEN** When a sensor is in an open condition, the Sensor Number window will display the Sensor Number, and the *OPEN* light will be on.
- **BYPASS** If you bypass one or more sensors, the Sensor Numbers will appear in the Sensor Number window and the *BYPASS* light will be on. Remember, bypassed sensors do not provide protection.

DURESS CODE

The Duress Code must be set by your installation technician. Your Duress Code works exactly like your regular access code except that, in addition to changing the protection level, it also sends a silent, emergency signal to our Central Station. By using the Duress Code, you can notify our Central Station secretly and silently of an emergency. For your safety, the Duress Code will not display when in alarm.

How to use the Duress Code.

- 1. Enter your special four-digit Duress Code.
- 2. Select any protection level.

WARNING: Be sure to never confuse your Duress Code with your personal access code because a Duress Code cannot be canceled.

EMERGENCY ALARM BUTTONS

If you have an emergency, you can sound the sirens and notify the Central Station by pressing the emergency buttons on your Touchpad.

How to signal an emergency with the Wireless Touchpad, Handheld Touchpad or the Hardwire Touchpad.

Press the POLICE button and hold for 3 seconds

or

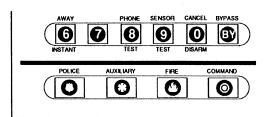
Press the AUXILIARY button and hold for 3 second

or

Press the FIRE button and hold for 3 seconds



HandHeld Wireless Touchpad



Wall Mount Wireless Touchpad Hardwire Alphanumeric Touchpad

HOW TO TEST YOUR SYSTEM

To assure continued security, all systems should be tested regularly. We recommend that you test your system once a week. This system has two testing levels that are easily accessed by first entering your personal access code and then the desired testing level.



LEVEL "8" - PHONE TEST (1 Long and 3 Short Beeps)

Level 8 tests the telephone communications link between your system and our Central Station. When this level is entered, a test signal is sent to our Central Station. The telephone communications link test is complete when our Central Station causes your interior and exterior sirens to sound their alarm for a few seconds, or when the Central Station operator calls to verify a successful test. In addition, the display will change from Protection Level 8 to Protection Level 0 when the test is complete.



LEVEL "9" - SENSOR TEST (1 Long and 4 Short Beeps)

Level 9 is used to test the communications between the detection sensors and the CPU. An alarm signal is not sent to our Central Station when in this level. When in level 9, the display will automatically scroll the numbers of every sensor in your system. During this test, trip each sensor that is a part of your system. As the CPU receives an "OK" signal from each sensor, its number is removed from the display scroll and the interior sirens will sound a short loud beep. The exterior sirens do not activate during this test. The test is complete when all sensors have been tested and no numbers are displayed on the CPU. If any sensor numbers remain in the display, retest those sensors. If any sensor does not test properly, immediately call your security dealer for service.



How to test your Door/Window Sensors 60-362

- 1. Open each protected door, window, cabinet, etc.
- 2. Listen for the siren beep.
- Close the door or window.



How to test your Passive Infrared Motion Sensor 60-356

- 1. Stay out of the viewing area of each P.I.R. for 4 full minutes.
- 2. After 4 minutes walk in front of the sensor and listen for the siren beep.

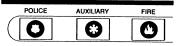


How to test your Smoke Sensor 60-352

Press and hold the test button on each Smoke Sensor for 20 to 30 seconds until the alarm horn sounds and the red light glows steadily. It is recommended that you carefully vacuum the Smoke Sensor once or twice yearly.



How to test the Touchpad Emergency Buttons.



- 1. Press the Emergency Police button for 3 seconds (Sensor # A4).
- 2. Press the Emergency Auxiliary button for 3 seconds (Sensor # A5).
- 3. Press the Emergency Fire button for 1 seconds (Sensor # A3).

Additional notes about Testing.

While in level 9, the CPU automatically disconnects itself from AC power and operates on its own battery. This assures testing of the stand-by battery power supply. If the battery fails this test, the problem is reported our Central Station and a C2 ALARM appears on the display.

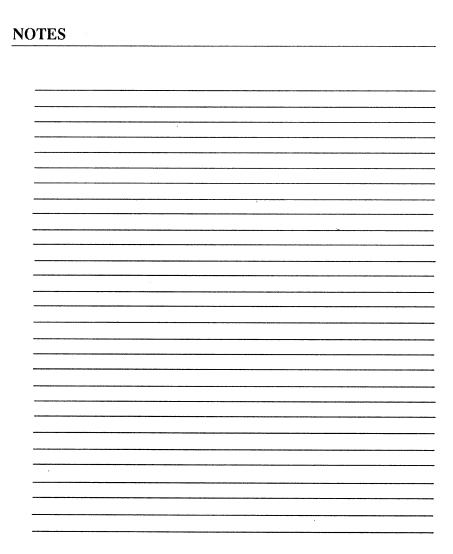
The CPU will automatically change to Protection Level 0, fifteen minutes after level 9 has been selected. This will restore basic protection in the event you forget to leave level 9 when your testing is complete.

If your system requires more than 15 minutes to test, you can re-enter level 9 (while still in level 9) before the first 15 minutes is up. This will give you 15 more minutes to complete the test.

Never test your Duress Code without first contacting the Central Station. For your protection, Duress code signals cannot be canceled.

BATTERY TEST

The CPU batteries should be tested at least once each year with and without AC power connected. Your security dealer can show you how to test your systems standby power system.



Page 24

CONGRATULATIONS

Congratulations on your decision to invest in a SX-V Special Security System from ITI. The SX-V Special is a supervised alarm system that should give you many years of reliable service. This manual will introduce you to the security system and instruct you in its use. Please keep this information for your future reference.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CENTRAL PROCESSING UNIT	Page 2
TOUCHPADS	2
DETECTION SENSORS	3
SIRENS	4
PROTECTION LEVELS	5
OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS	6
Access Code	6
Arming and Disarming	6
WHAT TO DO IF THE SYSTEM WILL NOT ARM	8
BYPASSING	9
How to Use Indirect Bypassing	9
How to Use Direct Bypassing	9
SPECIAL FEATURES	10
Status Button	10
Alarm Memory	10
Temporary Access Code	10
Duress Code	11
Emergency Alarm Buttons	11
HOW TO TEST YOUR SYSTEM	12
UNDERSTANDING THE DISPLAY	14
TROUBLESHOOTING	1.5
FIRE SAFETY INFORMATION	18
ACCIDENTAL ALARMS	19
ALARM DISPLAY INFORMATION	20
SENSOR LOCATION RECORD	21

ITI®, Inc. 1993. All rights reserved.