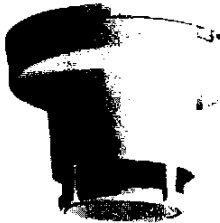


**ESL 600 SERIES  
PHOTOELECTRONIC SMOKE DETECTORS  
and BASES**



California State  
Fire Marshal  
Approved

MODEL	DESCRIPTION	Compatibility Identifier
611U	Photoelectronic smoke detector head	S10
611UT	Photoelectronic smoke detector head with integral heat sensor (135°F) (57°C) (50 ft.)	S10
611UD	Photoelectronic smoke detector head for plenum applications	S10
601U	Universal base—two-wire operation	S00
602U	Universal base—with auxiliary relay—two-wire operation	S03
602U4	Universal base—four-wire operation	—

**DESCRIPTION**

The ESL model 611U photoelectronic smoke detector head is a light-scattering optical sensor that provides excellent response to a wide range of fires with outstanding stability. A pulsed infrared LED light source, and a high-speed photodiode sensing element are housed in an omni-directional sensing chamber which is protected by an insect screen. The chamber is not affected by ambient light.

Normal sensing occurs eight (8) times per minute. This rate doubles when a signal exceeding the alarm threshold value is sensed. Two additional successive signals above the threshold level will initiate an alarm. When the detector is mounted to a model 601U or 602U universal base, standard features include a local visual alarm indicator and remote alarm indicator capability.

Local functional testing is done using the magnet in the 605A1 installation/removal/test tool. Remote testing is possible through contact closure of the proper mounting base terminals. Model 611UT sensing heads feature a built-in heat sensor (135°F) (57°C) (50 ft.)

Model 611UD sensing head is also Listed for use in areas of high air movement, such as in computer rooms, electronic equipment enclosures, plenum, and mounted directly in ductwork of heating, air conditioning, and ventilation systems.

**ELECTRICAL COMPATIBILITY**

ESL 600 Series detectors are system fire detectors.

When used with Models 601U and/or 602U mounting bases in TWO-wire operation, the detectors and controls must have compatibility Listing with Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. For information on detector/control unit compatibility, see ESL compatibility listings.

**WARNING: SYSTEM MAY NOT OPERATE IF THE DETECTOR IS NOT CONNECTED TO THE CONTROL UNIT INITIATING DEVICE CIRCUIT AS SPECIFIED IN THE DETECTOR OR CONTROL UNIT LITERATURE.**

In FOUR-wire operation, the voltage range of the detector should equal or exceed the voltage of the control and sufficient current be supplied to insure the operation of the detector(s).

**APPLICATION**

Models 611U, 611UD and 611UT are part of the 600 Series family of fire detectors and accessories. The common base/interchangeable sensing head configuration allows great flexibility in product application. ESL 600 Series fire detectors are suited for commercial, industrial, and institutional fire alarm systems.

The photoelectronic detector head is for general area protection where life safety is the principal concern. The detector response is unaffected by variations in air velocity or barometric pressure.

The model 611UD sensing head is UL Listed for use in applications where the air velocity may exceed 300 feet per minute, as typically encountered in the compartment beneath the raised floor of a data processing facility. The model 611UD is Listed in compliance with both UL 268 and UL 268A.

**INSTALLATION OF UNIVERSAL BASE**

600 Series detector heads are installed by plugging the head into a universal mounting base and twisting the head clockwise to secure. Bases will mount directly to standard single-gang electrical boxes, 4" octagonal (e.g., RACD #125 or equivalent), 3.5" octagonal boxes, and to WIREMOLD Nos. 5738A, or 5739 fixture boxes.

The volume of the electrical box is determined by the number and size of conductors as required by the National Electrical Code (NFPA 70). All wiring must be installed in compliance with the NEC or the local code(s) having jurisdiction.

Each base is equipped with six wire-clamp type terminals and bifurcated contact springs for contact with detector head circuit pins. Each wire clamping plate will accommodate two conductors up to 2.0 mm diameter (#12AWG). Terminals are numbered 1 thru 6.

The model 611UD is installed for open area protection in the same manner as the standard 611U. When installation wholly within an air duct is required, consult NFPA 72E, Chapter 9 for further information.

To install the model 601U mounting base, draw all system wiring through the center opening. Secure the base to the mounting surface using the appropriate mounting holes and hardware. See Diagram #1. Strip 3/8" of insulation from each conductor and insert under the correct screw terminal. The barrier type terminals are designed to prevent "looping" of wires and is provided for supervision of conductors. Tighten each screw as connections are completed.

**CHECK ALL WIRING AND MOUNTING CONNECTIONS.**

Model 602U and 602U4 mounting base include a relay for auxiliary switching and alarm initiation operations, respectively. Terminals for the relay contacts are accessible from the rear of the base. Each "tunnel" type terminal accepts one wire. Wiring to the contacts must be accomplished before securing the base to the mounting surface. Complete the installation as described above for the model 601U base.

**NOTE:** Positive air pressure from wire openings, conduit, mounting boxes, irregular mounting surfaces, or plenums causing air movement through and away from the detector may prevent proper operation. Seal all such openings causing unwanted air flow using UL Listed expanding foam or Duxseal.

**INSTALLATION OF THE DETECTOR HEAD**

After all detector bases are installed, including the end-of-line device, check the system wiring for continuity. A manually operated switch between Terminals 1 and 2 establishes continuity across the alarm initiating circuit at initial installation. The switch is in the closed position on new bases and is automatically opened when an ESL 600 Series sensing head is plugged in. If a detector head is removed for service, the switch may be reset using a small screwdriver, thus re-establishing circuit continuity.

To install a detector head, insert and rotate the head clockwise until it is properly aligned and "sets" into the base. Then rotate an additional 15° and it will automatically lock into place.

**REMOVAL OF THE DETECTOR HEAD**

Each detector base is equipped with a molded locking tab to prevent unauthorized removal of the detector head. To remove the detector head, insert a small screwdriver blade into the slot on the side of the base while simultaneously turning the detector head counterclockwise. If the detector mounting location does not warrant use of the locking feature, it is recommended that the locking tab be removed prior to installation. To remove the tab, insert a small screwdriver behind the tab, force it outward and take it off.

**TESTING THE INSTALLATION**

After all connections are completed and the wiring is checked for errors, apply power to the system. There should *not* be an alarm. If there is, power down the system and check each detector for correct wiring. If no alarm has occurred, go to the last detector and check the smoke detector power with a volt meter for the specified voltage.

Disconnect alarm signal devices, releasing service devices, and extinguishing systems prior to detector tests. Be sure to reconnect all devices at the conclusion of testing.

To test each detector for alarm operation, hold a smoldering punk stick or cotton wick near the smoke entry areas and blow gently directing the smoke into the detector. Continue for up to 20 seconds or until an alarm is indicated.

**BE SURE TO PROPERLY EXTINGUISH THE SMOKE SOURCE AFTER TESTING!**

This is a gross test and is not a reliable indication of the sensitivity of the detector. To insure no significant loss of sensitivity has occurred, you must also utilize the ESL installation/removal and test tool model 605A1. To do so, position the tool over the detector so that the alarm indicating lamp may be seen through the opening in the tool apron. The magnet of the test tool will close a reed switch on the printed circuit board which, in turn, will simulate a smoke density greater than the alarm threshold of the smoke detector. Continue the test for 20 seconds or until an alarm occurs. If a successful test, the LED will light. To reset the detector, operate the system reset switch for 2 to 3 seconds to remove power from the detectors.

For remote test of the model 611U, use the model 606U2 test station. Turn the key switch to the "TEST" position and hold for at least 20 seconds. If a successful test, the remote alarm LED of the test station will light. Reset as described above.

Control unit alarm and all ancillary functions should be verified for a complete test of each detector. Follow this procedure for the remaining detectors.

**TEST EVERY DETECTOR FOR PROPER OPERATION.** This testing procedure should be conducted semi-annually by qualified personnel.

If a detector fails to function properly, obtain a Return Authorization Number by calling 1-800-648-7422 or 503-692-4052, then carefully pack it and return it prepaid to the manufacturer. Include an explanation of the suspected failure mode.

**SENSITIVITY MEASUREMENT**

The actual sensitivity of a detector may be determined by testing in a correlated UL 217/268 smoke test chamber. For a nominal charge ESL will perform this test and, if a detector is found to be outside of the marked sensitivity range, will clean the detector.

Contact ESL Customer Service for details on the return of the product.

As an alternate to the above procedure, the Gemini Model 501 Aerosol Generator may be used. Follow the operating instructions supplied with the Gemini. Adjust the Gemini flow meter setting to the lower value in the table below. No alarm should occur with this value. Now adjust the Gemini setting to the higher value and re-conduct the test. The detector should alarm to the second test.

**GEMINI FLOW METER SETTINGS**

	Sensitivity	Flow Meter Setting
611U, 611UT Photoelectronic Detectors	3.1 - 0.50%/ft. 3.1 + 0.50%/ft.	74 85
611UD Photoelectronic Detector	1.5 - 0.35%/ft. 1.5 + 0.35%/ft.	58 66

Sensitivity measurements should be taken on all detectors towards the end of the first 12 months of operation, and every 24 months thereafter.

If a detector responds incorrectly, contact ESL Customer Service for details on the return of the product.

**APPROVALS**

The smoke detector is for use in commercial fire protective signaling systems (NFPA 71, 72A, 72B, 72C, or 72D) and in household fire warning systems (NFPA 74). These detectors meet the requirements of NFPA Standard 72E, Automatic Fire Detectors.

Listed by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL 268) and 611UD (UL 268A); California State Fire Marshal approved (Listing #7257-447-114); State of Maryland approved (Permit #1885) and 611UD (Permit #1905); City of Cleveland approved (Docket S-5-88).

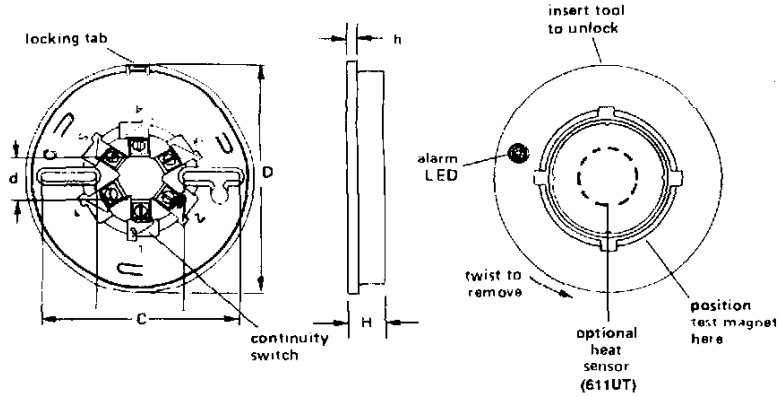
**MAINTENANCE**

Disconnect power before attempting to service the detector. ESL 600 Series detectors are designed to require little maintenance. Once a year (more often in dusty environments), use a vacuum and/or a low pressure oil-free (filtered) air line to loosen and remove dust from the screen surrounding the sensing area. It is important to notify all concerned parties when any maintenance or testing of a fire alarm system is to occur. Always test each detector after cleaning.

**DO NOT** attempt to adjust or alter the detector.



## INSTALLATION (Diagram #1)



### BASES

D = 4-3/4"	120 mm	H = 3/4"	19 mm
C = 1-15/16-3-15/16"	50-100 mm	h = 1/4"	6 mm
d = 3/4"	19 mm	Weight = 85 grams, 3 oz.	

## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Standby Voltage *	8.5-44 VDC
Standby Current	50 $\mu$ A Max.
Equivalent Capacitance	0.001 $\mu$ F Max.
Alarm Voltage	33 VDC Max.
Alarm Current	50 mA $\pm$ 10% @ 24 VDC
Alarm Current @ 10 VDC	40 mA Min.

To insure reset, reduce detector voltage to 4.0 volts or less, or current to 1 mA or less. Reset time: 1 second Max.

Contact Rating (resistive)—  
602U Base 1A @ 30 VDC

\* VDC — Filtered; 10% Maximum Ripple

## OPERATIONAL DATA

Dimensions with 601U, 602U, or 602U4 base

D = 4-3/4"	120 mm
H = 3-3/8"	86 mm
d = 3"	76 mm
h = 2-1/2"	63 mm



Weight without base = 200 grams; 7 oz.

Operating Temperature Range 32°F to 120°F;  
0°C to 50°C

Operating Humidity Range 5-95% RH

Operating Air Velocity Range

Models 611U, 611UT— to 1.5 meters/sec; 300 feet/min

Model 611UD— to 20 meters/sec; 4000 feet/min

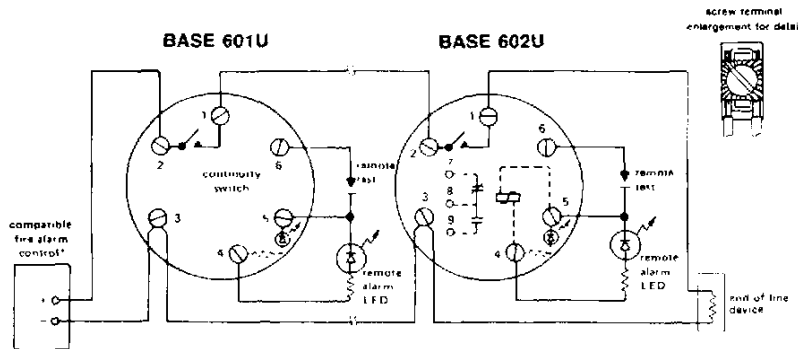
Sensitivity—Gray Smoke

Models 611U, 611UT— 3.1  $\pm$  0.50%/ft.

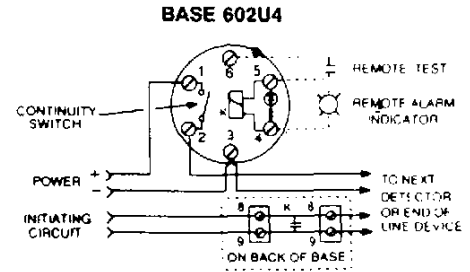
Model 611UD— 1.5  $\pm$  0.35%/ft.

## WIRING CONNECTIONS

### TWO-WIRE OPERATION (Diagram #2A)



### FOUR-WIRE OPERATION (Diagram #2B)



ESL, a division of Sentrol, Inc. — UL FILE S2690

ESL 1500 Series Control Unit with BMB, ZEM. Styles B or D wiring.

Maximum line resistance = 100 ohms.

Compatibility Identifier is C01.

Compatible Detectors are Models 611U, 611UD, 611UT; Compatibility Identifier S10; maximum 40 detectors per circuit.

For remote alarm indication, use ESL Model 606U1.

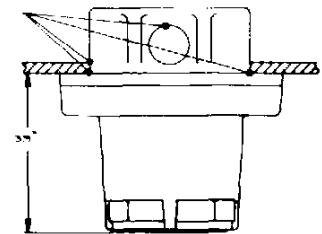
For remote test and alarm indication, use ESL Model 606U2.

Remote test maximum line resistance = 39 ohms.

Emergency operation [Style D (Class A)]: Return initiating circuit wiring to appropriate control unit terminals and connect the end of line devices per the control unit instructions.

**CAUTION:** DO NOT use looped wire under screw terminals. These terminals are designed to prevent looping of unbroken wire around or under a terminal screw in a manner that would permit the looped wire to remain unbroken during installation. This would preclude supervision if the wire were to dislodge from the terminal.

See Note  
(Below)



**NOTE:** Positive air pressure from wire openings, conduit, mounting boxes, irregular mounting surfaces, or plenums causing air movement through and away from the detector may prevent proper operation. Seal all such openings causing unwanted air flow using UL Listed expanding foam or Duxseal.

## SMOOTH CEILING SPACING

On smooth ceilings, spacing of 30 feet (9.1 meters) may be used as a guide. Other spacing may be used depending on ceiling height, high air movement, and other conditions or response requirements.

In all installations, good engineering judgment should govern.

Consult National Fire Protection Association Publications<sup>1</sup>, "NFPA 72E, Standard on Automatic Fire Detectors," and, where applicable, "NFPA 74, Standard for the Installation, Maintenance, and Use of Household Fire Warning Equipment."

**ESL**  
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Sentrol, Inc.  
Corporate Headquarters:  
12345 SW Leveton Drive  
Tualatin, OR 97062  
503-692-4052

U.S. & Canada: 800-547-2556  
Technical Support: 800-648-7424

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